

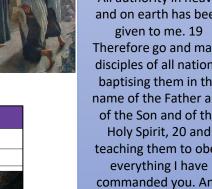
Religious Studies Y8 Summer 1:To the Ends of the Earth

Key vocabulary	
Resurrection	The Christian belief that after his crucifixion and death, Jesus rose again to life.
death	The permanent end of a person's physical life.
judgement	The judgement an individual person faces at the moment of their death is known as particular judgement and determines whether their soul goes to heaven, purgatory or hell.
heaven	An eternity in God's presence.
hell	The eternal absence of God's presence.
purgatory	The condition a soul enters when in need of purification before entering the presence of God.
funeral rite	The ceremonies carried out when an individual dies and is laid to rest by the Church.
requiem	The name given to a Mass for the dead, often used for a Mass that contains a funeral rite.

⁸ So the women hurried away from the tomb, afraid yet filled with joy, and ran to tell his disciples. 9 Suddenly Jesus met them. "Greetings," he said. They came to him, clasped his feet and worshiped him. ¹⁰ Then Jesus said to them, "Do not be afraid. Go and tell my brothers to go to Galilee; there they will see me."



"All authority in heaven and on earth has been given to me. 19 Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptising them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, 20 and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you. And surely I am with you always, to the very end of the age."





The Resurrection of Jesus

Jesus' resurrection is described, slightly differently, in all four Gospels in the Bible.

What happened?

- On the day of Jesus' resurrection, Jesus' female disciples return to his tomb to **find it is empty**. Two angels appear to them and explain that Jesus has risen.
- After his resurrection, Jesus appeared to many of his disciples, who often struggled to understand what had happened to him.
- For example, in the story On the Road to Emmaus, Jesus appears to two disciples travelling to Emmaus, yet they don't recognise him until he breaks bread with them.
- With the help of Jesus' words and faith, his disciples came to understand that Jesus overcame death.

Why is it significant?

 Christians believe that the details of the empty tomb provide evidence for the unique nature of Jesus' resurrection: Jesus rose from the dead, body and soul. His resurrected body is glorified and uncorrupted by death.



- The Church teaches that the account of the empty tomb is a sign of Jesus' physical resurrection and an actual historical event.
- The Church calls the Resurrection the central and crowning truth of the Christian faith.
- Catholics believe the Resurrection is important because it is an essential belief for all Christians and the source of hope for the future.

What happens after death?

The Church teaches that:

- Humans are made up of a physical body and an immortal, spiritual soul.
- Immediately following death, particular judgement happens: God judges the way a person has lived their life and shown love to others.
- As a result of this judgement, their soul will go to either heaven, hell or purgatory.
- Those who go to purgatory will ultimately reach heaven but first have to experience purification.
- On the Last Day of Judgement, when Christ returns, all souls will be unified with their physical bodies and be subject to a final judgement.

Baptism and funeral rites

Belief in the Resurrection and life after death influences Catholic practices and celebrations.

Baptism

 Catholics believe that when a candidate is immersed in the holy water, this symbolises the death and burial of old life and resurrection into new life.



- Catholics believe that Baptism is necessary for salvation: without the death of their sinful life, they cannot accept the new life offered by the resurrected Jesus.
- A baptism of desire is when God chooses to save a person who did not receive the Sacrament of Baptism.

Funeral rites

The Catholic funeral rite has three key purposes:

- To celebrate the Catholic hope for eternal life.
- To reassure those who are grieving of God's mercy and love.
- To pray for the person who has died to receive God's forgiveness.

Catholic funeral rites usually have three stages:

- The Vigil of Prayer: praying for the deceased and those grieving.
- The Funeral Liturgy: often a requiem Mass in the church.
- The Committal: burial at the cemetery.

